day or two.

on the east side of the river, and which occasioned considerable surprise and un-easiness among the railway officials, oc-

Trains Moving at Parsons.

THE CAUSE OF THE STRIKE.

NEW YORK, April 5 .- A Dallas, Texas,

pecial to the Sun says: "Among the

men in humble circumstances who have been thrust into sudden notoriety by the

strike on the Gould Southwestern system

is Charles A. Hall, the former foreman of

the passenger car repair shops of the Texas & Pacific railroad at Marshail. It

was he whose discharge from the service of the Texas & Pacific railroad precipitated

WHEELING, WEST VA., TUESDAY MORNING, APRIL 6, 1886.

The Intelligencer.

BELLAIRE gets a Republican Mayor, too. All 'round, it seems to be our "on year," when it steps between faithful and tender-hearted lovers and forbids the bans.

nembers of the Irish Land League tending to overthrow Parnell's influence is

STANLEY has done a great deal of disexering in Africa, but it remained for peath to discover Stanley's mother, who is said to have recently died in Wales.

an old adage, "Snow in April is the poor man's !ertilizer." Recent experience tends to the conviction that April snows are devices of the Evil One to induce profanity.

of people who mean business. The West Virginia Company will begin work as soon as possible, and the action of the Board of Commissioners yesterday removes the last

THE Eastern war situation looks ugly Greece will not listen to kindly advice, Turkey is undecided, Prince Alexander is stubborn and Russia with a hungry maw looks on in complacence, anxious to gulp

THE evangelists Jones and Small received \$3,000 a piece for their four weeks work in Chicago. This may at first glance seem to be a large sum, but if they have succeeded in thoroughly converting one Chica go man the price paid is small enough.

the Gould Southwestern railroad system, states his case in this morning's dispatches. According to his story he seems to have been promoted to be sacrificed. At any rate he is better known to-day than when he was simply foreman of the repair shops of the Texas Pacific Railway Com-

STEUBENVILLE comes to the front with clean sweep-all of the Republican candi dates for council having been elected. "Papa" Payne's appointments served to gang" is in very bad odor among the Democrats of our sister city, and the result

ROBERT P. PORTER, a well posted tariff writer in his dispatches to the Philadelphia Press on the adoption of the new tariff bill by the Ways and Means Committee says: "There is but one course left. Every man who believes in a Pro tective Tariff must now take his stand or an honest tariff platform and in the ranks of the Republican party. Last Thursday and Democrats, went before the Ways and Means Committee and entered a protes Had the Democrats any right there? think not a particle of right. They deiberately voted for the organization of the House; for the election of a Free Trade Speaker, who made up a free trade com nittee for the sole purpose of benefiting foreigners and foreign countries. Having unlocked the barn door and politely bow ed the thief in, they rush off and protes because the horse is stolen. There is mor sense than this to be found in the book of

The Laborers in the Clearfield Coal Regio

feld region coal miners, who are on a strike for an increase of ten cents a ton or coal mined, have appealed to Governor Pattison for help through a committee. A long petition has been presented to the Governor, in which the striking miners say that the present price (forty cents a month to each man with which to feed and clothe his family. It is alleged that the miners sought a solution of the dis-pute by means of arbitration, but that

pute by means of arbitration, but that the operators refused their overtures, and that at nearly all the mines the workmen are required to deal at the company stores under pain of being dismissed from employment.

At these stores it is claimed that the miners are compelled to pay from 25 to 35 percent more than elsewhere, and that the mine bosses and superintendents compel the miners to deal at these stores and that the questions receive a percentage for Company, a corporation with millions of capital, is charged with prolonging the company, a corporation with millions of capital, is charged with prolonging the strike for the purpose of crushing out the smaller operators in order to obtain full control of the coal trade. The committee who called on the Governor claim to have received the assurance that the Governor would take action looking to the correction of svile over which the State has control.

JACKSONVILLE, FLA., April 5 .- The printers in the Times-Union, Evening Herald and Morning News offices struck to-night for an advance to 35 cents a thousand ems The proprietors refused the advance and have declared their offices non-union. They will publish half-sheets to-morrow.

KANNAS CITY, Mo., April 5 .- All is quiet

QUIET AT FT. WORTH.

A NUMBER OF TRAINS MOVED

The Situation at East St. Louis-Gould Says Secretary Turner Minuaderstood Him - Hall's Statement.

in the rumor from Fort Worth as to the strikers tearing up the railway tracks. The following has just been received from

quiet. Two trains have gone South this morning well guarded. No interference. ome one crippled engine No. 17 last

The situation up to a late hour to-night is practically unchanged. The Executive Committee has held no formal session to-day nor has the local joint committee done anything that they will make public beyond the fact that they have telegraphed to all points on the Gould system the statement which was issued least night by the gararal committee. To

as active and as strong as it has been at any previous time.

Secretary Turner left to-night for Fort Worth and will make a tour of the southern part of the Gould system before his return and learn for himself the exact condition of affairs.

Specials from Fort Worth say that Deputy Sheriff Townsend and Frank Pierce, a striker, who ware wounded in the fight on Statutay died to-day.

TEN TRAINS

lockade on this and the East side of the iver would be raised and the resumption of traffic would be completed. There was the running of freight trains from East St. Louis, and it was the expectation of the ifficials that they would be able to prosecute their regular business to-day, the same as though there had never been any trouble. The Bridge and Tunnel Company any converse of the same as though the same as though the same as though the same as trouble. The Bridge and Tunnel Com, pany announced yesterday, that they would be ready to handle all business given them. The joint notice agreed upon at the general meeting held Saturday, tiving the men until one o'clock to-lay to return to work, evidently had the desired effect, as the superintendents were notified yesterday by many of their former employes that they would see on hand to-elay ready for duty. President Tauzey, of the Transfer Company, also received official notice from his employes that they would report for ployes that they would report for work in a body at the company's stables his morning. The striking Missouri Pacific Kuights, it is understood, also incended to apply for positions to their former employers, but the formal execution less night by the Gengal Executive Company Line was night to the control of the company of th ast night by the General Executive Com-uittee of their order to the Knights of

mittee of their order to the Knights of Labor to return to work makes the outook to-day less hopeful, and the strike
may not be so nearly ended as was
thought. The Missouri Pacific has already
smployed a sufficient number of new men
to carry on its business, and the officials of
that road anticipate no trouble in keeping
the road open, in spite of the strike.

In East Bt. Louis, however, the situation
s different, for those who have already
returned to work, as well as those who an
sounced their intention of returning toiay, are Knights of Labor, and are subject to the orders of the Executive Committee. It is expected, therefore, that
hose who have gone back to work will
oday strike again, and that the others
will withdraw their applications for the
library who they stall receive the ofwill withdraw their applications for the ld places, when they shall receive the of-

or Iron Mountain railroads, other than making it necessary for the officials of those roads to procure men for the places made vacant by the strikers. The places made vacant by the strikers. The Iron Mountain sent out five freight trains this morning and the Missouri Pacific an equal number, no opposition neing offered by the strikers. The resumption of freight traffic on these roads may now be considered complete, and the raising of the blockade on that branch of the company's business permanent. pany's business permanent.

IN RAST ST. LOUIS.

rains Moved—Some Men go to Work but are Baticed Away. St. Louis, April 5.—Larger crowds asembled this morning around the Relay lepot in East St. Louis than for some time past, but they were undemonstrative and preserved perfect order and offered no oposition to the making up and starting out of freight trains. The Ohio & Mississippl, indianapolis & St. Louis sent out large trains loaded with freight, and the Vandalia a train of thirty empties, no interference by the strikers being attempted in sither case. The new switchmen and yardmen engaged since the strike began this morning and are engaged in making up trains, and they will be sent out later in the day. Contrary to the expectation of the Kughts of Labor thirty of the strikers, Poles, on the Vandalla road applied to the foreman of the yards of the road for work, and offered to return to their old positions provided they should be granted their demand for an increase of twenty-five cents per day. While they were discussing the situation with the foreman they were approached by a delegation of Knights who persuaded them with little difficulty to withdraw their sppilications, and they are therefore still out of work. of freight trains. The Ohio & Mississippi,

occasioned considerable surprise and un-easiness among the railway officials, oc-curred this morning, when the Chicago and Alton switchmen struck. They say they will not go back to work until the trouble between the railroads and their employes shall be settled. no material change in the strike situation to-day. Early this morning Iron's

Fort Worth:

night at Waco while trainmen were eating

Governor Ireland is now in the city. All saloons and drinking places have been closed, and a large police force patrol the city at night. More freight trains will move south to-day. Nothing authoritative has been received from the strikers who were shot last Saturday.

The situation up to a late beau torsight.

system the statement which was issued as night by the general committee. To these telegrams the committee say they have received replies from most of the orincipal points to the befort that the uction of the general board is commended and endorsed, and that generally the men who have returned to work have again gone out and that the strike is practically as active and as strong as it has been at any previous time. of the Texas & Pacific railroad precipitated the present labor revolt on the Southwest-ern railroads. A year ago Mr. Hall was active in the first great strike on the Gould Southwestern system when the men won an increase in wages and better terms generally in the relations with the railroad. These benefits were secured through the Knights of Labor. Hall at that time was units consequences in

secured through the Knights of Labor. Hall at that time was quite conspicuous in the local management of the strike at Marshall, although he was only an ordinary workman in the passenger car repair shops. A few months after the settlement of that strike he was promoted to the foremanship of the shop. He was discharged on February 14. "I have every reason to believe," said Mr. Hall, a few days ago, "that I was promoted to the foremanship because at that time I was the most competent person at hand to take charge of the shop."

person at hand to take charge of the shop. THE COMPANY'S GRUDGE, I was impressed, however, with the fact St. Louis, April 5.—It was generally believed yesterday that to-day the freight that the railroad had a grudge against me on account of my activity in the strike and early this year I felt sure that the officials were only awaiting a pretext to discharge me and put in my place some one who was not a Knight of Labor Man. Wheeler, one of the officials under the receivers indicated as much a day or two ceivers indicated as much a day or two ago when in speaking of my case he said:
'The case of Hall was a particularly aggravated one. He made himself obnoxious in the trouble of a year ago and we only took him back for the sake of peace. Hoping to encourage him on securing his good will for the company we promoted him to be foreman of the car repair shop but he proved more troublesome than ut he proved more troublesome than ver and besides he was incompetent.' "This shows there was a grudge against "This shows there was a grudge against me and that the company was watching me and only waiting for a pretext to turn me adrift. When, therefore, I attended the Knights of Labor meeting of my assembly Mr. Orosbie, the general shop forcman, who is a bitter opponent of the order, was the instrument they used to bring on this entire trouble by discharging me on the allegation that I was absent three days without leave, although I can three days without leave, although I can prove by good men that I had Crosbie's permission to be gone one, two or three days, as circumstances would require.

GIVEN LEAVE OF ABSENCE. I told Mr. Crosbje further that if there ras any objection to my being absent I would not go, and he said, "That's all right." It was a direct answer to my ques-tion and was the only kind of permission anybody received for leave of absence verbal consent. No one received written permission and my absence was onlysto permission and my absence was only-ac attend a meeting in my own town, verbal permission was all that I deemed necessary. I had been off a dozen times and that was the only form of permission I had ever received. After my discharge the Knights of Labor did all they could to have me reinstated by Mr. Croebie, but without avail. The higher officials were appealed to and they would do nothing. They refused to recognize the Knights of Labor as an organization that had a right to try to secure the

nize the Knights of Labor as an organiza-tion that had a right to try to secure the just treatment of its members. After the Knights had existed all possible efforts at arbitration the strike came. No one re-gress it more than I do because of the loss and trouble the men who are out have sustained, and the inconveniences the hustiness unbile have experienced. But ousiness public have experienced. But the strike was right and founded in justice and on the broadest of principles. WANTED A BULLDOZER.

After Crosbie had positively refused any concessions in the premises he and I met and referring to the matter he remarked : The men in the shop are not afraid of you and I want a man who they will be afraid of. To which I replied; No, thank God! they are not afraid of me, and I hope you'll have to hunt a long while before you find a man whom they will fear.
This was my last talk with Mr. Orosbie.'
Personally Mr. Hall has many sympa-Personally Mr. Hall has many sympathizers in Texas. He is not a pestiforous agitator and was only a helpless instrument in bringing to a head the questions attributed between the Kūights and the railroad companies. The Knights here assert that the discharge of Hall was only an incident in the studied policy of the railroads to crush all semblance of organization among the employes, but that matters had reached such a next that nothing ers had reached such a pass that nothing more than an incident like this was needed to produce a rupture,

A MISUNDERSTANDING.

ecretary Turner, of the Enights of Labor, Corrected-Misapprehenston.
New York, April 5.—Secretary Turner, of the Executive Committee of the Knights of Labor, having stated yesterday in St. Louis that Mr. Hoxle was not acting in conformity with the terms of the agreement entered in at the New York conference, Mr. Gould was to-day interviewed upon the subject and said: "The stenographer's notes of the New York conference heir applications, and they are therefore show that there was no agreement direct till out of work,

A number of the former employes of the take all men back with some comparative-

Morrison Changes His Mind About His Bill.-Washington News Notes.

pricular instructing the men to keep up the strike was found in conspicuous places and the strikers in Washington, D. C., April 5.-Eustace Gibson and General Grosvenor of Ohio, had a very warm discussion in the River consequence announced that they will not allow any Knights of Labor to resume work. It is said, however, that about 100 men have been re-employed and the Master Mechanic has announced and Harbor Committee meeting over the location of the proposed Marine Hospital. Gibson advocated the claims of Point men have been re-employed and the Master Mechanic has announced that he has all the men engaged he wants. Saven strikers have been arrested. The citizens are organizing a law and order league for the protection of property, Militia men are doing faithful work in moving trains, and it is proposed to have a portion of them return to their homes in a day or two. Pleasant, and Grosvenor urged that Galgentlemen are members of the commit tee. The argument grew hot and both get the better of them. No conclusion was reached by the committee and it now looks as if no action will be taken dur-ring this session. oreman Hall Makes a Statement of His Case—What Led to the Strike,

West Virginia Personals,

West Virginia Personals.

Special Dispatch to the Intelligencer,
Washindron, D. C., April 5.—Hop
Woods, of Phillippi, son of Judge Samuel
Woods, is in the city.
Col. Ran. Stalnaker, of Wheeling, and
Attorney Barlow, of Charleston, are registered at the National.
Senator Kenna has recovered from his
recent attack of illness and was in his seat
to-day.

OPENSHNATE SESSIONS. The Proposition Gaining Friends -- The Statu

of the Case at Present.

Washington, April 5.—The proposition o hold open executive sessions of the Senate appears to be gaining friends daily and is not at all impossible that something will be done to remove this unpopular feature of the proceedings of the upper There are two resolutions in support of open executive sessions now be-lore the Senate—the one introduced by Mr. Platt allowing secret executive sessions when the Senate shall deem it ad-visable, and the other by Mr. Logan pro-viding for open sessions for the considera-tion of nominations. Mr. Platt intends to bring up his resolution and speak upon it at an early date—possibly during this weak.

Should Mr. Edmunds decide to support a resolution in favor of opening the doors, or of making public the journal at the end of each executive session, there is no doubt about its adoption. The Vermont Senator fully realizes the importance of gratifying the public in this regard, but does not yet see how the matter can be adjusted without injury to the public service.

Mr. Edmunds takes the ground that Mr. Edmunds takes the ground that should the doors be opened to the public the confidential exchange of views about nominees could not be as freely indulged in as now, but says he is inclined to support a movement which will modify the present method of doing executive business. Daring the recent discussion upon the Edmunds resolutions several Democratic Senators committed themselves in favor of open executive sessions, among cratic Senators committed themselves in favor of open executive sessions, among them Messrs. George, Maxey, Butler and Coke. Messrs. Voorhees and Back are and always have been friends of the proposed change, while Mr. Harris has pronounced himself as bitterly opposed to it. On the Republican side, Messrs. Van Wyck, Logan, Frye, Mitchell, of Oregon; Cullom, Hale, Harrison, Riddleberger, Morrili, Teller, Plumb and Edmunds, have either expressed themselves openly or in conversation with other Senators in favor oi some change.

CHANGED HIS MIND.

Merrison Will Not Report the Tariff Bill WASHINGTON, April 5 .- Colonel Morrison has changed his mind, and did no report the tariff bill to the House to-day Hewitt administrative measure, will be

By his order the bill, together with the printed at the Government Printing Office and the whole submitted to the Commit tee on Ways and Means again at its meeting on Tuesday.

During the discussion of the bill in the

During the discussion of the bill in the committee on Saturday, Major McKinley made a motion to incorponate in the bill a section restoring the wool tariff of 1807 instead of putting it on the free list, but the motion was promptly voted down by the free trade majority of the committee as if it were the height of impudence for a member of Congress to suggest such a thing. Morrison is understood to have given up the idea of having the tariff bil considered in the near future, and will n

given up the idea of having the tariff bill considered in the near future, and will not try to get it up for a month or more. He hopes that some of the appropriation bills will be gotten out of the way so that it will not be charged up against him that he is obstructing the work proper of the House, and prolonging the season.

An effort will be made by those opposed to the bill to keep it from being considered, but the real test is not expected at that time. There are always members who will vote for the consideration of the bill so as to afford an opportunity to get in their prepared specohes on the subject, and though they may be opposed to the measure, they will favor having it considered. The real test will come when the general debate closes and the House enters upon the discussion of the bill by sections. At that time a motion will be made to strike out the enacting clause, and all who believe the present bill to be what it really is, a menace to the heat interests of the country, will vote for the motion.

Pan-Riectrie Inquiry.

WASHINGTON, April 5 .- Solicitor General John Goode appeared before the telephone investigating committee this after noon to tell what he knew of the circumstance tending to the institution of the Memphis suit. He said he had been appointed to his office by the President upon the recommendation of Attorney General Garland, and he did not believe that Senator Harris or Mesars, Atkins, Young and Johnston had anything to do with his appointment. The Attorney General left Washington August 27 on his vacation, and on September 2 witness had received the application of District Attorney McCory, of Memphis, for permission to bring a suit which he (witness) had acted upon in the routine way.

Attorney General Garland had never mentioned the Bell or the Pan-Electric Company to witness until after his return from his vacation in October when witness introduced the subject to him, having seen it mentioned in the public press.

solville, ind., in regard to alleged corrupt use of money in securing the improvement of the levee of Jeffersonville, Ind., was continued by the House Committee on Ulvil Service felorm to-day. The witness reliarated his statement that Mayor Glass's reason for calling a meeting to appropriate the \$1,000 to send to Waatington was because his salary as Mayor had been cut down \$500. Mayor Glass also used very hard language toward Mr. Warder at that time.

party vote in favor of Weaver, the sitting member. An extension of time has been granted to the parties to the case of Page vs. Plerce, of Rhode Island, to collect ad-ditional evidence.

O'NEILL KLATED

Over the Passage, of the Arbitration Bill.
A Disgusted Democrat.
Washington, D. C., April 5.—Chairman O'Neill, of the Labor Committee, is much elated over the passage of his arbitration bill by the House, but he is not entirely satisfied with the manner in which it has been amended. He is being somewhat severely criticised by members who have decided views on the labor question for accepting the proviso limiting the amount of money to be expended by the Government in taking testimony. Mr. O'Neill agrees that a thousand dollars, which is all the bill now grants for any one case, could be exhausted before any conclusion is reached, if either of the parties to a controversy should decide that it was to their interest to summon witnesses enough. He defends to summon witnesses enough. He defends his management of the bill, however, by claiming that it was his duty to have the measure passed, and that he did not care to incur hostility by opposing amendments that could be eliminated in the Senato.

Senate.

Representative Crain, of Texas, is outspoken in his denunciation of a limited appropriation for the payment of expenses in cases of arbitration. He contends that the officers of any corporation so minded can exhaust the allowance before they will denote the contends of the contends that the contends of the c can exhaust the allowance before they will admit that they have made their case so that the arbitrators will find themselves hindered in making an acceptable deci-sion. The power given to the Commis-sioners to limit the number of witnesses to be called is open to the same objections at the limit of an appropriation. Neither Mr. O'Neill nor Mr. Crain believes that an unlimited appropriation will be abused and they have already taken means to

and they have already taken means to have their views supported by Senators.

Mr. O'Neill saidto-day he could not tell when the bill would pass the Senate, or when it would come up for action. Senator Blair will take charge of the measure in the Senate, as chairman of the Committee on Education and Labor. Mr. Crain, who is a member of the Committee on Albert he already search with of the Senator. who is a member of the Committee on Labor, has already seen both of the Sena-tors from Texas, and they are pledged to support the improvement of the bill. An-other feature, which provides for a refusal to furnish certain papers, is characterized as a weak feature. It was inserted by in-fluence of representatives of the Knights of Labor, and was designed to protect the re-cords of that organization. A member, in discussing the point to-day, said this n discussing the point to-day, said this was a nice proposition.

The railroads could be called upon for all sorts of information, but the employes all sorts of information, but the employes proposed to reserve certain rights to themselves. It was not fair and it should not be passed, and he made this criticism as a friend of the laboring man. Every paper germane to the subject under investigation ought to be given up by both sides when called for, and those papers not germane would be protected by the common law. There was no sense, in his opinion, in incorporating this feature, and he would try and induce some Senator to move to strike it out. The Democrats are unoyed at the action of the Republicans in voting solidly for the labor bill. A in voting solidly for the labor bill. A number of the House Committee on Labor said to-day he was disgusted with the want of organization on the Democratic

want of organization on the leadership of Tom Reed, of Maine," said he, "but our near will follow no one. The trouble with us is that we have too many statesmen. As a Democratic measure, whatever of criticism there is on the Labor bill our party will get it, and whatever there is to prize the Republicans can claim the larger thare."

are as yet matters of speculation. It is sertain that several amendments will be added, and there is apprehension among the members interested that corporation influence will be brought to bear in such a manner that should the bill come from the Senate an agreement in conference will be impossible.

WASHINGTON, April 5 .- Dr. Hamilton aid to-day that there is a marked improvement in Secretary Manning's condi-tion and that he is better to-day than he has been since his attack. He added, however, that his recovery will be slow and tedious, and it may be some time be-fore he can safely be pronounced entirely

CAPITAL CULLINGS.

Secretary Lamar continues to improve The Mexican pension bill was passed by the House yesterday.

Currency.

The President yesterday nominated Jno.
W. Davis to be postmaster at New Rich-

mond, Ohio.

The President yesterday sent to the Senate the name of Caleb W. West, of Kentucky, to be Governor of Utah.

A rumor was current yesterday that Minister McLane had been re-called from France which probably arose from the fact that he has been given a leave of ab-sence to return to the United States to attend to some private business. As yet however, he has given no official intima-tion of the date of his return.

OTTAWA, ONT., April 5.—A bill has been introduced in the New Foundland Legislature to prohibit the export of bait. It is presumed that this bill will alike affect is presumed that this bill will alike effect the United States and French fishermen. The government steamer Lansdowns salied from Pubnice yesterday, and from this time forward will be actively engaged in warning American fishing vessels off Canadian waters. A number of sailing cruisers are being selected by the government to assist the Lansdowne.

Waiting for a Change,

CONSTANTINOPLE, April 8.—It is learned from official sources that the Powers are awaiting probable changes in the Greek ministry before finally deciding to institute naval operations against Greece.

NEWS IN BRIEF.

Francia Murphy has opened a temperance revival at Tiffin, O. The safe in the postoffice at Athens, Ind., was blown open Sunday night, and \$1,500 in money and a quantity of stamps

Henry Enocus, an old-line Whig, who aided slaves in their struggles for freedom all he could, and who furnished five sons for the war, died near Ironton, O., Sun-

win, r. Wells, a Detroi Inversity, has been put forward as a candidate for the vasancy caused by the death of Judge Baxter, of the Sixth U. S. Judicial Court.

ANOTHER FLOOD

COMING IN THE KANAWHA VALLEY

leston Preparing for Another Inundation-Situation in the Lower Ohio

CHARLESTON, W. VA., April 5 .- During he past forty-eight hours a steady rain has fallen, swelling all the small streams and resulting in a rise in the Kanawha place the stage of water above the last rise Government reports from the Gauley and New rivers show a rise coming which will insudate the greater portion of this city. The residents of the lower part of the city are busy removing their house-hold effects to places of safety.

MONTGOMERY, ALA., April 5.—The Soard of Revenue in a dispatch to the Governor stated that a large number of people, victims of the flood, would have to be maintained for an indefinite period and at the public expense, and suggested that he memorialize Congress for such reliefas may be needed. The Governor has replied that he thought the local relief would meet the issues and did not believe the State of Alabama should ask alms of the Government. If he thought the emergency sufficiently great for require it he would coverament, it he thought the emergen-cy sufficiently great for require it he would convene the Legislature and let the State succor its needy citizens, but he does not believe such a necessity exists. Trains from Montgomery to Atlanta were re-sumed this morning.

Gloemy Prospectas Louisville.

Louisville, Ky., April 5 .- Last evening the river checked to a rise of half an inch and is now coming up steadily at the rate of an inch per hour. The Kentucky and Big Sandy have both received an impetus from the rains and are pouring in at a fear-ful rate. Along the river front many have moved out and others are in readiness. The indications here are for clearer and warmer weather. warmer weather.

Situation at Cincinnati.

CINCINNATI, April 5.—The river reached 53 feet 81 inches this morning, and is now eceding at the rate of one-half inch an hour. It was 53 feet 10 inches at 10 o'clock. The weather remains cloudy and cool, but no rainfall. There is a swell coming from the Big Sandy and Kanawha rivers, but it is not thought it will make the river here higher than it is now. The railroads are but slightly embarrassed by the high water. The Flood in Tennesses

CHATTANOOGA, April 5.-The river falling rapidly. Heavy rains throughou East Tennessee have again raised therive East rennessee have again raised theriver above and will probably have the effect of keeping up the river here at its present height for two or three days. Boats are running regularly now in connection with the East Tennessee, Virginia & Georgia railroad and with the Cincinnati Southern.

LOUISVILLE, KY., April 5 .- The river rising slowly, three-quarters of an inch an hour, and the canal guage represents 31 feet. The Big Sandy is reported re-ceding above Cattlettaburg, but a heavy snow has been falling in that region since noon and there will be another rise.

BIG RASCALITY DISCLOSED.

adiciment of Wealthy Californians Timber Land Francis on the Governmen San Francisco, April 5.-The United ments against eight prominent citizens

The Barkley Case. BALTIMORE, MD., April 6,-The suit of Samuel Barkley against the American Base Ball Association is likely to be settled at once by the acceptance by the Balti-more club of a compromise effered by President Nimick, of Pittaburgh, which provides for the reinstatement of Bark-ley with a fine of \$500 and a release of Milton P. Scott, the first base-man, to the Baltimore club. Manager Barnie states that he will probably accept the compromise, as he wants a first base-

f precinct A, Fourth ward, this afterpoon, Peter Skelly and Mike Have had an

altercation, which resulted in Hays firing several shots. One bullet pierced likelity's arm and another struck John Murphy in The Cincinnati Elections.

GUERNSEY COUNTY Republican as Usual, Only a Little More Sc

CAMBRIDGE, O., April 5 .- Everything is Republican out here in Guernsey as usual, only a little more so. Judging by the results in Cambridge, town and town-

ship, the Republicans mean to expres the severest condemnation of Democratic fraud and forgery and their abiding faith in Republican principles. The Re-publican ticket in Cambridge was elect-ed without a loss by a big majority and the whole Republican city ticket with but two or three exceptions. The indicabut two or three exceptions. The indica-tions are that the party lines have been closely drawn over the county with Re-publican gains. About one hundred pro-hibition votes were cast.

STEUBENVILLE, O., April 5 .- The city lection passed off quietly to-day, very littelection passed on quiety to-day, very lit-tle interest being manifested. The Re-publicans made a clean sweep of every-thing. The next council will be composed entirely of Republicans. The Democratic party here is in a badly demoralised state and attribute it to appointments made by Senator Payne at the recommendation of Sixth Auditor McConville.

Republican Victory at Mannington.

Mansington, W. Va., April 5.—At the borough election held to-day, the Repub-lean anti-license ticket was elected over a usion of Mugwmps, Democrats and pro-nibitionists, by a decided majority.

Republican Success at Indiannuclis Hepublican success as the management of the two ship election to-day resulted in the choice of an entire Republican ticket by about 700 msjority. Two years ago the Démocrats were successful by nearly 1,600.

Cowgill Committee is not so overwheeming as it might be. A fishing-line was
tied to the request, and it has been hauled
in for the time being, and the fiy may not
be cast again. The same appears to be
true concerning Henry Payne's request,
who, vowing that he would never, no,
never, take notice of Colonel Donavin's

never, take notice of Colonel Donavin's charges, now pretends—or, perhaps more accurately, lately pretended—that he wants to go before the committee and deny them under oath.

The truth of the matter is that both Boodle Payne and Boodle McLean were badly fooled by the appearance of things, and made their requests to be called as witnesses under a mistaken idea concerning the facts in the case. They thought with leasts in the case. They thought that the committee had ceased taking evidence, and that no sort of attention would be paid to their requests, and this would afford them ample opportunity to assail the finding and report of the committee. As soon as it because dawn upon them As soon as it begen to dawn upon them that they would not be excluded from

"volunteering" their statements to the committee, their zeal to become witnesses fell to zero or a little below.

To W. F. Imnes, editor of the News of the

The race if arranged will probably take

The Coal Output.

Jury to-day to the fact that it is a matter of common notoriety that several persons holding public offices have been indicted for receiving bribes, but that so far no one has been indicted for bribing them. He called the especial attention of the jury to this fact and expressed the opinion that the bribers were worse than those buthed.

LOUISVILLE, KY., April 5 .- Paul Augus-

ine, a colored deck hand, of Cincinnati,

LOOKS LIKE WAR.

GREECE'S GREAT PERPARATIONS

Minister Beturns from a Tour-War Feeling Rampant-Death of an Ex-

Member of Gladstone's Cabinet.

ex-Prime Minister, in his attack on the present Government on Saturday in the Chamber of Deputies, blames the Ministers for missing the opportunity of arriving at a good understanding with Turkey presented by the recent war between Servia and Bulgaria. He also criticized the Government for falling to properly organize the Greek army, and urged that the raw recruits be sent home and welltrained men be added to the army, so that the country might be in a state of

military readiness in case of emergency. At to-day's session of the Chamber of Deputies there was an exciting debate upon the military proposals of the Government, during which the anti-war party developed an unexpected amount of strength. The party is led by M. Tricoupis, ex-Premier and ex-Minister of War, who has an intimate and accurate knowledge of the condition of the Grank sew. who has an intimate and accurate knowledge of the condition of the Greek army, and who declares that Greece is in no position for war, unless her share of the fighting is strictly defensive. Premier Delyannis has declared unequivocally for war, and in the present temper of the Chamber he is certain of an ample majority, though it is probable that the debate may be prolonged for several days yet.

election to-day resulted in the choice of an entire Republican ticket by about 700 msjority. Two years ago the Démocrats were successful by nearly 1,000.

M'LEAN AND PAYNE

Not Se Anxious to Testiff Before the Iavestigation of the Commercial Gazette telegraphs: A little inquiry and investigation develops the fact that the anxiety of John R. McLean to come before the Cowgill Committee is not so overwhelming as it might be. A fishing-line was tied to the request, and it has been hauled

declaration of war,

London, April 5.—Mr. Bruce, Under Foreign Secretary replying to a question in the House of Commons this afternoon said that Greece had not accepted the advice of the powers as to the course she should pursue in her troubles with Turkey. He also said that the government had no information which would enable them to say that Greece would refrain from war. frain from war.

FORSTER'S DEATH.

the Demise of a Preminent English Liberal.

Sketch of His Lite.

London, April 5.—The Right Hon. Wm. 5. Forster, Liberal member of Parliament for Bradford, and who was Chief Secretary or Ireland under the previous Gladstone Ministry, died to-day, after a'long illness.

Few British statesmen have been more heartily appreciated in the United States than the Right Hon. W. E. Forster, mem-ber of Parliament for Bradford since 1861, committee, their zeal to become witnesses fell to zero or a little below.

They didn't want to find the door open when they came. That would not suit their plurposes at all, and in this way their offers got them into an unpleasant predictable. They couldn't back out entirely with any degree of consistency, and they were adverse to going forward, unless they were well padded and protected. So there has been a lot of skirmishing going on. Payne and McLean desire to be called as witnesses for the prosecution, and have their testimony recorded and considered in that light exclusively. As testimony for the prosecution, it would be much more valuable than as testimony for the defense.

Mr. Cowgill doesn't claim to be a lawyer, but as he was probably once a candidate for Justice of the Pasce, he knows that it is not exactly the thing to call the defendant as witnesses for the Society of Friends, the first of the state of the society of Friends, and the mother was a sister of theominent philantiaropist, Sir Thomas Fowell Buxton. Born at Bradpole, Dorsetshire, July 11, 1818, Mr. Forster ment of the surveyer, but as he was probably once a candidate for Justice of the Pasce, he knows that it is not exactly the thing to call the defendant as witnesses for the Society of Friends, and the mother was a sister of theominent philantiaropist, Sir Thomas Fowell Buxton. Born at Bradpole, Dorsetshire, July 11, 1818, Mr. Forster ment caused the mother was a sister of theominent philantiaropist, Sir Thomas Fowell Buxton. Born at Bradpole, Dorsetshire, July 11, 1818, Mr. Forster ment caused the mother was a sister of theominent philantiaropist, Sir Thomas Fowell Buxton. Born at Bradpole, Dorsetshire, July 11, 1818, Mr. Forster ment produced the mother was a sister of theominent philantiaropist, Sir Thomas Fowell Buxton. Born at Bradpole, Dorsetshire, July 11, 1818, Mr. Forster ment produced the mother was a sister of theominent philantiaropist, Sir Thomas Fowell Buxton. Born at Bradpole, Dorsetshire, July 11, 1818, Mr. Forster ment pr states grand jury Saturday found indicts ments against eight prominent citizens of this State for subroration of pertury, in the case of traudient entries of red-wood timber land in Humbold county, the control of the procession, it would be much more wood timber land in Humbold county, the control of the procession of the case of traudient entries of red-wood timber land in Humbold county, the control of the procession of the case of the data of the same way of the control of the procession of the case of the county, the case of the county of the case of the county of the procession of the case of the county of the case of the c

To W. F. Innes, editor of the News of the World, London

Post at once £100 forfeit for £500 match against Beach on the Thames with the Sportsman.

Hanlan has engagements on this side of the Atlantic until July, but will sail for England about the middle of that month. The race if arranged will probably take place early in September.

To W. F. Innes, editor of the News of the highest position in the State if he had the highest position in the State in high state in the highest position in the State in high state in the highest position in the State in high state in the highest position in the state in the highest position in the st he was noted principally for his vindica-tion of William Penn from the charges of Macauley in 1849.

the compromise, as he wants a first base-man badly. In case a compromise is agreed to the suit is to be at once withing the several coal companies held a meeting at the several coal companies held a meeting at the several coal companies of macauley in 1849.

Chilcado, April 5,—The number of bushels of grain in store in the United States and Canada, April 3, and the increase of decrease compared with the previous week will be posted on of Change to-morrow as follows: Wheat 48,972,124, decrease 501,855; corn 16,933,893, decrease 120,490; rye, 526, 205, decrease 10,786; barley, 041,549, decrease 17,769; barley, 04 Friday sold at 201; beans and peas are 6d lower. One cargo arrived, two were sold, four were withdrawn and one remained. Trade forward is fairly brisk. Several cargoes of California wheat brought 30s 6da 36s per quarter. The market to-day was very alow. Foreign wheats were rimply held, but the demand was slow. Other articles were quiet but steady.

Belgian Bloters Septenced.

tine, a colored deck hand, of Cincinnati, and Paul Stanley, a gipsy passenger, from Vicksburg, Miss., quarreled on the boat Thomas Shericok, near Cloverport, Ky., Stanley night, and after receiving several serious state Stanley shot and killed Augustine. Stanley leaped into the river, swam sehore and escaped, leaving hits wife and children on the boat.

Belgian Bloters Sentenced.

Baussins, April 6,—At Charlero to-day number of strikers who were engaged in the recent riots were sentenced to terms of imprisonment ranging from 3 months to 5 years. Ten thomsand operatives are still on a strike, but it is expected that many will resume work to-morrow.

committee, declined to spoke the committee expected that a number of strikers returned to work at the Oyprees yards in West Kanasa to-lay, but it is not ascertained how many or whether they were Knights of Labor.

LABOR NEWS NOTES

At a meeting of the Cabinet Makers union at Pittaburgh, it was decided to demand a reduction in working hours on May lst, from ten to eight hours. The men who do piecework will demand an increase of twenty percent in wages.

A Dabois, Pa., dispatch says: "The title in the Fourth District is likely to lake a more serious turn by the middle of the week than heretofore. It is reported that the miners working are loading cars for operators whose miners are idle and to this the strikers as well as those working will well the strikers as well as those working will well the strikers as well as those working will well the strikers as well as those working will well the strikers as well as those working will well the strikers as well as those working are loading cars for operators whose miners are idle and to this the strikers as well as those working will well the strikers as well as those working will well the strikers as well as those working will well the strikers as well as those working will well the strikers as well as those working are loading cars for operators whose miners are idle and to this the strikers as well as those working will well the strikers as well as those working will well the strikers as well as those working will well the strikers are well as those working are loading cars for operators whose miners are idle and to the strike in the formation of the strikers as well as those working and the strike is the strikers as well as those working will well the strike will be out of employment."

A number of the formatic place of the former employes of the striker in places, the distribution of the committee of their brethren again the taxen by the defined the trunter the transfer to the trunter the place of the committee of their brethren again to the committee of their bret In a drunken fight at a log-rolling near Cumberland Falls Station, Ky., Ben Wil-son was shot dead by some unknown man Washington, April 5.—The cross-exam n the crowd. in the crowd.

The issue of standard silver dollars from
the mints during the week ended April 3
was \$395,627. The issue during the corresponding period of last year was \$173,498. ination of ex-Councilman Shuler, of Jeffersonville, Ind., in regard to alleged corrup CINCINNATI, O., April 5 .- At the polis

Washington, D. C., April 5.—In the contested election case of Campbell vs. Weaver, of the Sixth Iowa district, the House Election Committee decided by a

Circumart, O., April 5.—One hundred and forty-three precincts show a majority of \$300 for Eshelby, Republican. The re-maining twenty-two precincts, it is esti-mated, will increase his majority.